

South Portland City Council
Position Paper of the City Manager

Subject:

ORDINANCE #2-14/15 - Amending Chapter 27, "Zoning," to repeal the moratorium on development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels. First reading. Passage requires majority vote.

Position:

On December 16, 2013, the City Council enacted Ordinance #2-13/14 establishing a moratorium on development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland. On April 23, 2014, the City Council acted to extend the moratorium until November 1, 2014.

The moratorium enabled the City and its Draft Ordinance Committee time to study its own ordinances to determine the implications of future proposed development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland and to draft proposed amendments to the South Portland Code of Ordinances to address the concerns identified in Sec. 27-1601 of the moratorium ordinance.

The Draft Ordinance Committee has completed its work, and proposed amendments to Ch. 27 to implement Part 1 of the recommendations of the Draft Ordinance Committee dated July 1, 2014 are scheduled for first reading at the July 7, 2014 City Council meeting as evidenced by Ordinance #1-14/15. If Ordinance #1-14/15 is ultimately enacted by the City Council, the moratorium is no longer necessary.

Requested Action:

Council passage of first reading; referral of the ordinance to the Planning Board so it can conduct its public hearing; and set July 21, 2014 as the date for the City Council's public hearing and final action on the repeal of the moratorium ordinance.


City Manager



CITY OF SOUTH PORTLAND

GERARD A. JALBERT
Mayor

JAMES H. GAILEY
City Manager

SUSAN M. MOONEY
City Clerk

SALLY J. DAGGETT
Jensen Baird Gardner & Henry

IN CITY COUNCIL

ORDINANCE #2-14/15

THE COUNCIL of the City of South Portland hereby ordains that the text of Chapter 27, "Zoning," of the "Code of Ordinances of the City of South Portland, Maine" be and hereby is amended as shown below (additions are underlined; deletions are ~~struck-out~~):

Chapter 27

ZONING

• • •

ARTICLE XVI. ~~Reserved Moratorium on Development Proposals Involving The Loading of Oil Sands/Tar Sands Products Onto Marine Tank Vessels Docking In South Portland~~

~~Sec. 27-1601. Moratorium declared.~~

~~WHEREAS~~, the City of South Portland intends to protect the natural resources on which the City depends, including, but not limited to: its land resources; its air quality; source of drinking water at Sebago Lake; and its marine and aquatic resources, including Portland Harbor, Casco Bay, and the rivers and tributaries passing through and adjacent to South Portland; and

~~WHEREAS~~, in 2007, by Resolve #3-07/08, the City Council authorized the then-Mayor to sign the U.S. Conference of Mayors Climate Protection Agreement that, in part, commits the City to strive to meet or beat the Kyoto Protocol targets for reducing global warming pollution by taking actions in its own operations and community; and

District One
MICHAEL R. POCK

District Two
PATRICIA A. SMITH

District Three
MELISSA E. LINSKOTT

District Four
LINDA C. COHEN

District Five
GERARD A. JALBERT

At Large
MAXINE R. BEECHER

At Large
THOMAS E. BLAKE

~~**WHEREAS**, in 2010, by Resolve #1-10/11, the City Council adopted a sustainability resolve to demonstrate the City's commitment to incorporate and embed sustainability principles into the City's operations; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, oil sands (a/k/a tar sands) are the combination of clay, sand, water and bitumen; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, bitumen is a semi-solid or solid petroleum deposit that is thick like molasses and, unlike most conventional crude oils, must be heated or diluted with lighter hydrocarbons to flow through a pipeline; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, diluent is any lighter viscosity petroleum product that is used to dilute bitumen for transportation in pipelines; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, diluents themselves may be toxic volatile chemicals, such as the known carcinogen benzene; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, diluted bitumen (a/k/a dilbit) is bitumen combined with any diluent for transport; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, synthetic crude is a mixture of hydrocarbons, similar to crude oil, derived by upgrading bitumen from oil sands/tar sands into an intermediate product that it is in transportable form but that has not yet been further upgraded into finished products; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, synbit is bitumen combined with synthetic crude, and dilsynbit is synbit combined with a diluent; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the term "oil sands/tar sands products" is used in this Article to describe petroleum products derived from oil sands/tar sands that are still in an unrefined state, including bitumen, diluted bitumen, synthetic crude, synbit and dilsynbit; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the term "marine tank vessel" is used in this Article to mean a ship that is constructed or adapted to carry oil in bulk as cargo or cargo residue and the term does not include a vessel carrying oil in drums, barrels or other packages, or a vessel carrying oil as fuel or stores for that vessel, or an oil spill response barge or vessel; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, oil sands/tar sands are mined and processed to extract the oil-rich bitumen, which is then refined into an extra heavy crude oil; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, nationwide, in the last three and one-half years, there have been two major pipeline ruptures and an unspecified number of minor ruptures of pipelines carrying oil sands/tar sands products; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the July 25, 2010 pipeline rupture in Marshall, Michigan spilled an estimated 843,444 gallons (20,082 barrels (bbl)) of dilbit and contaminated 35 miles of the Kalamazoo River and Morrow Lake, which spill has not yet been fully cleaned-up; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the total Marshall, Michigan spill clean-up cost reached \$809 million in 2012 and is increasing, more than any non-ocean spill on record; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the March 29, 2013 pipeline rupture in Mayflower, Arkansas spilled more than an estimated 157,500 gallons (3,750 barrels (bbl)) of dilbit and the clean-up is still underway, which spill resulted in the evacuation of approximately 22 homes and the clean-up of approximately 28,000 barrels of oily water; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the two above-referenced spills occurred on pipelines that had carried non-oil sands/tar sands crude oil for years and that had not been specifically designed to carry oil sands/tar sands products; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, oil sands/tar sands products alone weigh more than water, but it is diluted with diluent to decrease the viscosity in order to allow it to flow through a pipeline while also decreasing its weight compared to water; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, while the parent bitumen can be denser than water (meaning it would sink), after diluent addition, the density decreases to less than water (meaning that it would float); and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the environmental conditions present during a spill such as turbidity, water salinity, and mixing with sediments can all affect the potential for the oil sands/tar sands products to float or sink; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, responders to the dilbit spill into the Kalamazoo River reported the presence of floating oil, submerged oil and sunken oil, making damage greater and clean-up more expensive than it would have been with other lighter crude oils; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, responders to the Kalamazoo River and Mayflower, Arkansas spills reported air toxics at levels of concern to public health officials and there is a concern that this same issue may be present in South Portland in the event of a spill in South Portland; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, techniques for cleaning up oil sands/tar sands products in marine and aquatic environments are still not fully developed and are experimental or difficult; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, federal and state guidelines for tracking the chemical composition of pipeline transported fuels so that local governments, citizens, and first responders can better understand, and plan for, the risks associated with the specific type of fuel flowing through or to their communities, do not currently exist; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the Portland-Montreal pipeline crosses the Sebago Lake watershed (South Portland's source of drinking water) and terminates at Portland Harbor and Casco Bay, important resources to the economic and recreational well-being of the City, its residents and property owners; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, in 2009, Portland Pipe Line Corporation (PPLC) sought and obtained site plan approval from the City's Planning Board to reverse the flow of the existing 18-inch Portland-Montreal pipeline to bring crude oil south from Montreal for loading onto marine tank vessels and to install a vapor control system to convey vapors displaced by marine tank vessel loading operations to vapor combustion units, which site plan approval has since lapsed; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, in 2009, PPLC sought and obtained an air emission license from the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to reverse the flow of the existing 18-inch Portland-Montreal pipeline to bring crude oil south from Montreal for loading onto marine tank vessels and to install a vapor control system to convey vapors displaced by marine tank vessel loading operations to vapor combustion units, which air emission license has since been surrendered by PPLC; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the Portland-Montreal pipeline could, in the future, be considered for transporting oil sands/tar sands products to Portland Harbor; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the transportation of and loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland poses risks to South Portland's natural resources and citizens, specifically Casco Bay and Sebago Lake upon which the City depends; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the possible effect of the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland has implications for the health, safety and welfare of the City and its citizens; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the South Portland Comprehensive Plan may not adequately address the concerns listed above; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the South Portland Code of Ordinances does not adequately address the concerns listed above; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City needs time to study its own ordinances to determine the implications of future development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland and to develop reasonable ordinances to address the concerns cited above; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City needs time to study oil sands/tar sands products so it can best plan for potential incident responses if an accident involving oil sands/tar sands products occurs in South Portland; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City needs time to review and study the natural resources at risk in general and in the case of a worst-case spill, the potential behavior and fate of oil sands/tar sands products when spilled in marine or freshwater environments and response options for a spill, including the equipment, expertise and technology needed to respond to a spill that has an impact on groundwater and/or marine or freshwater environments; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City needs time to review and study the potential effects on and costs to the City in the case of a spill, including a worst-case spill, and the best response options; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City needs time to review federal studies, including any reports by the National Academy of Sciences, scientific studies on spills of oil sands/tar sands products in Mayflower, Arkansas and Marshall, Michigan and any reviews related to the Keystone XL pipeline, as well as any Maine DEP studies on oil sands/tar sands; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City needs time to review and study the potential effects on the City of the vapor discharges in the case of a spill as well as in the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City, under its home rule authority, its police power generally and as otherwise provided by law, has the authority to impose reasonable restrictions, conditions, and limitations on development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City Council, with such professional advice and assistance as it deems necessary and appropriate, shall study the Code of Ordinances to determine the land use, environmental and other regulatory implications of future proposed development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland and consider what regulations might be appropriate for such activity; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the existing Code of Ordinances and other applicable laws, if any, are not adequate to prevent serious public harm possibly to be caused by future proposed development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, a moratorium is necessary to prevent an overburdening of public facilities that is reasonably foreseeable as the result of future proposed development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, it is anticipated that such a study, review, and development of recommended ordinance changes will take at least one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date the City first considers this moratorium on development proposals~~

involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland;

~~**NOW, THEREFORE**, the City of South Portland, acting through its elected City Council, does hereby ordain that the following Article be, and hereby is, enacted, and, in furtherance thereof, the City does hereby declare a moratorium on development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland. This Article shall take effect in accordance with the provisions of the City Charter, but shall be applicable as of November 6, 2013, as expressly provided below. The moratorium shall remain in effect for one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of applicability of this Article, unless extended, repealed, or modified by the City Council, for the express purpose of drafting an amendment or amendments to the South Portland Code of Ordinances to protect the public from health and safety risks including, but not limited to, the potential adverse environmental, public health and public safety effects of an oil sands/tar sands product discharge and air emissions related to both an oil sands/tar sands product discharge and the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels if not properly regulated; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that this Article shall apply to any new development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland after the November 6, 2013 applicability date of this Article; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that notwithstanding the provisions of 1 M.R.S.A. § 302 or any other law to the contrary, this Article, when enacted, shall govern any new development proposal involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland for which an application for a license, building permit, certificate of occupancy, special exception review, site plan review and/or any other required approval has not been submitted and acted on by the Code Enforcement Officer, Planning Board or other City official or administrative board or agency prior to November 6, 2013, the applicability date of this Article; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that no person or organization shall start or engage in the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland on or after the November 6, 2013 applicability date of this Article without complying with whatever ordinance amendment or amendments the City Council may enact as a result of this Article; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that during the time this moratorium is in effect, no officer, official, employee, office, administrative board or agency of the City shall accept, process, approve, deny, or in any other way act upon any application for a license, building permit, certificate of occupancy, special exception review, site plan review and/or any other permits, licenses or approvals related to the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that those provisions of the Code of Ordinances that are inconsistent or conflicting with the provisions of this Article, are hereby repealed to the extent that they are applicable for the duration of the moratorium hereby ordained, and as it may be extended as permitted by law, but not otherwise; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that if the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland is established in violation of this Article, each day of any continuing violation shall constitute a separate violation of this Article, and the City shall be entitled to all rights available to it in law and equity, including, but not limited to, fines and penalties, injunctive relief, and its reasonable attorney's fees and costs in prosecuting any such violations; and~~

~~**BE IT FURTHER ORDAINED**, that should any section or provision of this Article be declared by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such a declaration shall not invalidate any other section or provision.~~

~~**Sec. 27-1602. — Applicability date.**~~

~~The applicability date of this Article is November 6, 2013, the date it first appeared on a City Council agenda.~~

~~(Ord. No. 1-11/12, 8/15/11 [Fiscal Note: Less than \$1000]; Ord. No. 2-11/12, 9/7/11 [Fiscal Note: Less than \$1000]; Ord. No. 2-13/14, 11/18/13 [Fiscal Note: Less than \$1000])~~

~~**Sec. 27-1603. — Moratorium extended.**~~

~~**WHEREAS**, a moratorium on development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland was enacted by the City Council on December 16, 2013 for a period of one hundred and eighty (180) days from the date of applicability of this Article, *i.e.*, until May 5, 2014; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the moratorium was necessary to provide the City with time to study its own ordinances to determine the implications of future proposed development proposals involving the loading of oil sands/tar sands products onto marine tank vessels docking in South Portland and to draft an amendment or amendments to the South Portland Code of Ordinances to address the concerns identified in Sec. 27-1601; and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the problems giving rise to the need for the moratorium still exist;
and~~

~~**WHEREAS**, the City and its Draft Ordinance Committee have been actively studying those problems since the date of the adoption of the moratorium and drafting amendments to the South Portland Code of Ordinances that will adequately address the same such that reasonable progress is being made to alleviate the problems giving rise to the need for the moratorium, but the City has not yet completed that work;~~

NOW, THEREFORE, all provisions of Secs. 27-1601 and 27-1602 are hereby extended for an additional one hundred and eighty (180) days from May 5, 2014 to November 1, 2014.

(Ord. No. 10-13/14, 3/17/14 [Fiscal Note: Less than \$1000])

Fiscal Note: Less than \$1,000

Dated: July 7, 2014